

Food and Drug Administration 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Document Control Center – WO66-G609 Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

May 31, 2016

AngioScore®, Inc. Kimberley Kline Senior Manager, Regulatory Affairs 5055 Brandin Court Fremont, CA 94538

Re: K133998

Trade/Device Name: AngioSculpt® PTA Scoring Balloon Catheter with HydroCrossTM

Coating

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 870.1250 Regulation Name: Percutaneous Catheter

Regulatory Class: Class II Product Code: PNO Dated: April 02, 2014 Received: April 03, 2014

Dear Ms. Kline.

This letter corrects our substantially equivalent letter of April 18, 2014.

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act

or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm.

Sincerely yours,

Misti L. Malone -S

for Bram D. Zuckerman, M.D.
Director
Division of Cardiovascular Devices
Office of Device Evaluation
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure



INDICATIONS FOR USE STATEMENT

10(k) Number (if known): 1233998
Device Name: AngioSculpt [®] PTA Scoring Balloon Catheter with HydroCross™ Coating
ndications for Use:
The AngioSculpt PTA Scoring Balloon Catheter is intended for dilatation of lesions in the iac, femoral, illo-femoral, popliteal, infra popliteal, and renal arteries, and for the treatment of obstructive lesions of native or synthetic arteriovenous dialysis fistulae. Not for use in the coronary or neuro-vasculature.
Prescription Use X AND/OR Over-The-Counter Use 21 CFR 801 Subpart C)
PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE-CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED)
Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)
Kenneth L. Cayanaugh -S

510(k) Summary for the AngioSculpt Scoring Balloon Catheter with HydroCross™ Coating

1. Submitter's Name / Contact Person

Submitter:

AngioScore, Inc.

5055 Brandin Court Fremont, CA 94538

Contact Person:

Kimberley Kline

Senior Manager, Regulatory Affairs

Phone: 510-933-7989 Fax: 510-933-7994

Summary Preparation Date:

April 16, 2014

2. General Information

Trade Name:

AngioSculpt® PTA Scoring Balloon Catheter with

HydroCross™ Coating

Common / Usual Name:

Angioplasty catheter

Classification Name:

Percutaneous catheter

Product Code:

LIT

Regulation Number:

21 CFR 870.1250

Predicate Devices:

AngioSculpt® Scoring Balloon Catheter

(K112182/K122685)

VascuTrak® PTA Dilatation Catheter

(K013459)

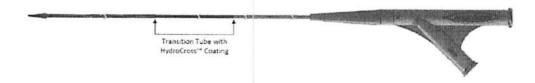
3. Intended Use / Indications

The AngioSculpt PTA Scoring Balloon Catheter is intended for the dilatation of lesions in the iliac, femoral, ilio-femoral, popliteal, infra popliteal, and renal arteries, and for the treatment of obstructive lesions of native or synthetic arteriovenous dialysis fistulae. Not for use in the coronary or neuro-vasculature.

4. Device Description

The AngioSculpt PTA Scoring Balloon Catheter with HydroCross™ Coating is a standard twolumen catheter with a scoring balloon near the distal tip. The distal end of the catheter has a conventional nylon-blend balloon with a scoring element that wraps around the balloon. The scoring element creates focal concentrations of dilating force which minimizes balloon slippage and assists with luminal expansion of stenotic arteries. The balloon has radiopaque markers to aid in positioning the balloon in the stenosis, and is designed to provide an expandable segment of known diameter and length at a specific pressure.

As shown below, the catheter has a segment which is coated with a hydrophilic coating (HydroCross™ Coating).



5. Technological Characteristics

The AngioSculpt catheters with HydroCross™ Coating incorporate substantially equivalent design, dimensional, and performance specifications when compared to the 510(k) cleared AngioSculpt catheter family (K112182/K122685) and VascuTrak® PTA Dilatation Catheters (K013459). The following minor differences are noted:

- AngioSculpt balloons (4.0/5.0/6.0mm diameter) are now available with a longer AngioSculpt balloon length (200mm). A 200mm balloon length is available in the predicate VascuTrak™ PTA Dilatation Catheter.
- The scoring element of the AngioSculpt catheters with HydroCross™ Coating incorporates inner rings that may aid in scoring element deployment.
- Hydrophilic coating was added to the transition tube of the AngioSculpt catheters with HydroCross™ Coating to improve lubricity and deliverability.

6. Summary of Bench Testing

Mechanical testing of the AngioSculpt catheter with HydroCross™ Coating was conducted in accordance with AngioScore's Risk Analysis and all applicable FDA guidance documents and relevant standards.

The following bench tests were conducted to verify that design outputs met design requirements and to confirm proper function and durability. Test articles consisted of finished sterilized catheters.

- Catheter Diameter and Balloon Profile.
- · Minimum Burst Strength (RBP)
- Balloon Compliance (Diameter vs. Pressure)
- Balloon Inflation and Deflation Time
- Device Fatigue
- Bond (Tensile) Strength
- · Tip Pull Strength
- Catheter Diameter and Balloon Profile (with Scoring Element)
- Flexibility and Kink
- Torque Strength
- Pushability, Trackability and Secure Edges

- Balloon Preparation, Deployment and Retraction
- Freedom from Stent Interference
- Focal Force
- Corrosion Resistance
- Coating Length
- Coating Thickness
- Coating Lubricity
- Coating Integrity
- Particulate Evaluation

7. Summary of Biocompatibility Testing

The AngioSculpt catheter with HydroCross™ Coating is categorized as an "External communicating device in contact with circulating blood with limited exposure time". The biocompatibility of the device was assessed in accordance with ISO 10993-1:2009 – Biological evaluation of medical devices, Part 1 – Evaluation and tests within a risk management process.

The biocompatibility tests listed below, except Thrombosis (*in-vivo*), were conducted in accordance with the provisions of the FDA GLP regulations 21 CFR Part 58. Thrombogenicity was evaluated as part of a GLP animal study.

- Cytotoxicity MEM Elution Test using L-929 Mouse Fibroblast cells (ISO)
- Sensitization Guinea Pig Maximization Sensitization Test
- Irritation Intracutaneous Reactivity (Irritation) Test
- Systemic Toxicity Acute Systemic Injection Test (ISO)
- Systemic Toxicity Material Mediated Pyrogens
- Hemocompatibility Partial Thromboplastin Time (PTT)
- Hemocompatibility Hemolysis Direct Contact/Extract Method (ASTM)
- Hemocompatibility Direct Contact Complement Activation Testing With C3a and SC5b
- Hemocompatibility Thrombosis (in vivo)
- Genotoxicity Reverse Bacterial Mutation
- Genotoxicity In vitro Mouse Lymphoma Assay-Extended Treatment
- Genotoxicity Rodent bone Marrow Micronucleus Assays

The biocompatibility test results confirm that the AngioSculpt catheter with HydroCross™ Coating, including the minor material changes, is non-cytotoxic, non-sensitizing, non-irritating, not systemically toxic, non-hemolytic, and non-mutagenic, when evaluated under the respective test conditions. As shown in the GLP animal study, no thrombo-embolism was observed when the subject catheters were evaluated under simulated use conditions.

8. Summary of Animal Testing

An acute GLP study was conducted to determine the safety and deliverability of the AngioSculpt catheter with HydroCross™ Coating.

The study results demonstrated that the AngioSculpt catheter was successfully introduced using standard guidewires in combination with a 6F sheath or 7F guide catheter and expanded in the targeted tissue while demonstrating no evidence of dissection, perforation, or embolization. All

devices maintained integrity with no loss of components during the procedure. All treatment procedures were performed with ease and no adverse events occurred in any of the animals.

The objectives of the study were met. The catheters evaluated in the peripheral (femoral) arteries were found to be clinically acceptable.

9. Substantial Equivalence Comparison

The subject catheters share the same intended use, principles of operation, overall technical and functional capabilities, packaging and sterilization process, and similar design and materials as the predicate AngioSculpt catheters and are therefore substantially equivalent.

The subject catheters also have similar intended use and device operation, materials, design, dimensions/size configuration, guidewire platform and overall technical and functional capabilities as the BARD/YMed, Inc. VascuTraK® PTA Dilatation Catheters.

Although there are minor differences between the subject catheters and its predicate devices those differences do not raise new questions of safety or efficacy. Design verification and validation testing demonstrated adequate device performance and confirmed that no new questions of safety or effectiveness for peripheral balloon angioplasty devices were raised. The changes to the subject catheters do not affect the intended use of the device, alter the fundamental scientific technology of the device, or raise new issues of safety and effectiveness. The subject AngioSculpt PTA Scoring Balloon Catheters with HydroCross™ Coating are therefore, substantially equivalent to the predicate catheters.